

Orange Water and Sewer Authority

Our community's trusted partner for clean water and environmental protection

Clear Waters: Navigating your PFAS Questions and Concerns

July 25, 2024

Thank you for your interest in how OWASA is addressing PFAS in our community's water. Our goal is to connect with our community and become partners with you in understanding and addressing PFAS in our drinking water, wastewater, and biosolids. With this quarterly newsletter, we hope to keep you well-informed of our research and design of new treatment facilities, as well as regulations that affect how we manage your drinking water and wastewater treatment.

Join us for Community Chats! Safeguarding Our Water: PFAS Q&A

Our first PFAS community chat was held on June 27 at the Chapel Hill Public Library. OWASA hosted a panel of experts in environmental law, water infrastructure, and finance and members of the community to discuss how to pay for PFAS removal from drinking water. Panelists also answered questions from the community about lawsuits



against PFAS manufacturers, increasing rates across communities, and loans and grants from the state. You can watch the full event on our <u>YouTube channel</u>.

<u>Please join us for our next PFAS community chat on Tuesday July 30 at 6:30 p.m. at Lanza's Café in Carrboro</u>. The topic will be the science and technology behind removing PFAS from drinking water, featuring an expert panel of scientists and engineers from UNC-Chapel Hill's Department of Environmental Sciences and Engineering, Black and Veatch, and OWASA's capital projects team. Refreshments will be served. More <u>event details</u> are available on our website at owasa.org.

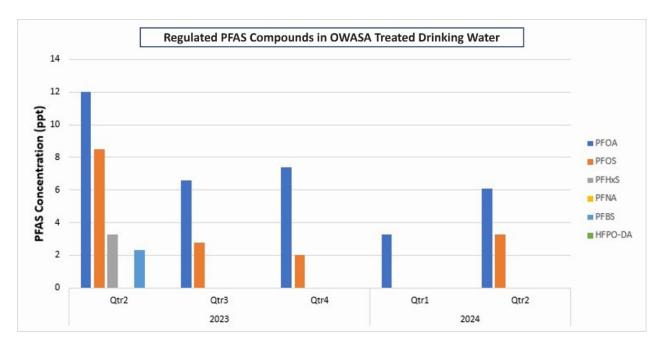
Eagle Eye on PFAS: Second Quarter Monitoring Results

Our drinking water monitoring results for the second quarter of 2024 are now available on our online information hub, <u>PFAS & Your Water.</u> Our most recent monitoring data, tested during the second quarter of 2024, detected PFOA at 6.1 parts per trillion (ppt) and PFOS at 3.3 ppt in our finished drinking water. The EPA's new Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for both

ow much E			FAS & Your Water: Drinking Water Monitoring & Treatm				
OW IIIIGEII I	w much PFAS is in our community's drinking water?						
FMS compounds are the focus of the EPA1 regulations on FMS in drinking water. Our most recent monitoring data, completed du condiquater of 2024, desected FPCAs et 2) goal of PFOS at 2) goil evon ferhalder drings water. FPMS and PFSS were not detect condiquater sampling but have been detected in the past, HEPO-DA (Gen-X) and FPMA have accer been detected in our reseated dri softman, minimum, and average values detected of these six FMS compounds in drinking water since 2018 are:							
	Minimum Value Detected 2018-2024	Maximum Value Detected 2018-2024	Average Values Detected 2018-2024	EPA Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL)			
	Non-detect	24.0 ppt	12.1 ppt	4 ppt			
	Non-detect	15.0 ppt	6.0 ppt	4 ppt			
	Non-detect	6.0 ppt	2.6 ppt	10 ppt			

PFOA and PFOS, established in April of this year, is 4 ppt. PFHxS and PFBS were not detected during the second quarter sampling but have been detected at low levels in

the past. HFPO-DA (Gen-X) and PFNA have never been detected in our treated drinking water.



Please note: PFAS compounds are measured in parts per trillion (ppt). Where columns are not visible for the quarter in the graph above, the associated compound was not detected during sampling that quarter.

Now Pilot Testing: PFAS-Reduction Technology

Part of our drinking water treatment process—Powdered Activated Carbon (PAC)—is removing a lot of PFAS from water—but it is not removing enough to allow us to meet our goal: delivering the highest quality drinking water we can to our community and meeting regulatory requirements. Meeting this goal is going to require a major addition to our water treatment plant, specifically to reduce PFAS.

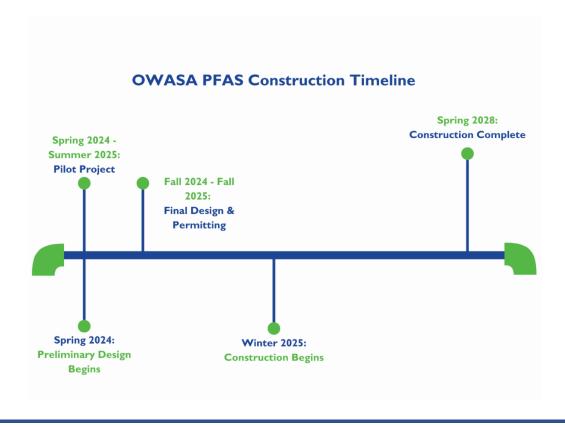
Our PFAS treatment pilot project launched in May and will continue through June 2025. We are currently evaluating Granular Activated Carbon (GAC) and Ion Exchange (IX) treatment to see which treatment or combination of treatments remove PFAS most effectively from our source water. Phase 1 of the pilot project is focused on gathering information to determine the best PFAS removal technology for OWASA by testing



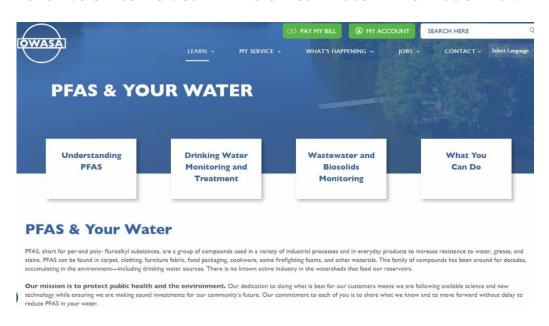
these two technologies under different conditions and combinations. Phase 2 will begin in August this year and continue through June 2025. In this phase, we will observe how changes in the water throughout the year affect the system so that we can better estimate how much it will cost to run and maintain it.

Next Steps: A New PFAS Treatment Facility

Now that the pilot testing of PFAS removal technology for our drinking water is well underway, we have begun to lay out OWASA's PFAS treatment facility. While the size of the facility and its exact location is yet to be determined, we know it will be a major addition to our Jones Ferry Road campus. Paired with construction of a new finished water storage tank, you will notice a lot of changes to our Jones Ferry Road footprint over the next few years. We will keep you well-informed as the work progresses.



Click below to visit our "PFAS & Your Water" information hub:



Thank you for keeping in touch with us on this important issue. Please reach out to us with questions related to this newsletter at info@owasa.org

<u>Unsubscribe</u> | <u>Update Profile</u> | <u>Constant Contact Data Notice</u>

